Appendix II

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Easterly US Value Equity Fund

Legal entity identifier: 5493000F4520TXOVJA71

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?●Yes●XNo

It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: %

> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: %

It **promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of ___% of sustainable investments

with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic

activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with a social objective

It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

Sustainability indicators measure how the

now the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an

economic activity that contributes to an environmental or

social objective, provided that the

and that the

follow good

governance practices.

investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective

investee companies

The EU Taxonomy

system laid down in

establishing a list of **environmentally**

is a classification

Regulation (EU)

2020/852,

sustainable

activities. That

Regulation does

not lay down a list

economic

of socially sustainable economic activities.

Sustainable

investments with

an environmental

objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The characteristics promoted by the Fund consist of investing in companies that exhibit environmental and social characteristics such as:

Environmental characteristics:

- Greenhouse gas ("<u>GHG</u>") emissions;
- Pollution & waste management;
- Water usage; and
- Environmental controversies.

Social characteristics:

- Supply chain management;
- Product safety;
- Employee diversity; and
- Social controversies.

Additional ESG considerations may include:

- Alignment to the UN Sustainable Development Goals;
- Environmental and social reporting, disclosures, and transparency;
- Positive momentum in E/S practices (which is the point at which it is considered that the company the Fund proposed to invest in has improved/looks to be improving its E/S practice(s)), factors and ratings; and
- Good corporate governance practices.

These environmental and social characteristics, together with governance factors, support the attractiveness of companies as long-term portfolio holdings for the Fund and complement the assessment of corporate culture and management undertaken by the Sub-Investment Manager on each of the companies. The Sub-Investment Manager believes companies with strong, quality, experienced management, demonstrate better understanding, monitoring and management of environmental and social risks.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

Materiality of environmental and social indicators analysed to measure the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics may vary considerably from industry to industry and from company to company and may be dependent on data availability. These may include, but are not limited to:

Environment:

- Improving greenhouse gas ("<u>GHG</u>") emissions
- Overall good environmental practices regarding areas such as water usage and pollution & waste management
- A lack of or well managed environmental controversies

Social:

- Good supply chain management
- Product safety
- Employee diversity
- A lack of or well managed social controversies

When assessing these indicators, together with the consideration of governance factors and qualitative data, the Sub-Investment Manager also aims to understand:

• a positive rate of change, progress in respect of the company's environmental and social objectives and disclosures; and

- areas for improvement, which leads to further engagement with investee/potential companies.
- What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

– How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

——How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A



Principal adverse

negative impacts of

respect for human rights, anti-

corruption and antibribery matters.

impacts are the most significant

investment

relating to environmental,

social and employee matters,

decisions on sustainability factors



The investment strategy guides

investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, _____

🗙 No

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities and common stocks of companies located in the U.S. which are listed or traded on Recognised Markets. The Fund typically invests in such equity securities which are deemed by the Sub-Investment Manager to be in contrast to prevailing market trends. This is termed a 'Contrarian Style Approach' to investing (see definition above), i.e. going against the norm of investment activity trends in the market. A 'contrarian' investment manager believes that certain behavior among investors can lead to exploitable mispricings in securities markets.

ESG considerations are a meaningful component in the Sub-Investment Manager's framework for assessing a company's management, corporate culture and strategy alignment. The Sub-Investment Manager excludes companies directly involved in the activities described under section 2.1 and seeks to invest in companies that amongst others, meet the environmental and social characteristics described in section 1 above and governance practices as described in section 2.3 below.

The Sub-Investment Manager also seeks to engage in active dialogue with the management teams of companies to discuss ESG practices. The Sub-Investment Manager further seeks to monitor and engage with companies for ESG accountability through the use of proxy voting and shareholder engagement. The Sub-Investment Manager believes that this plays an important role of raising the sustainability profile of companies in the long-term.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

In addition to the environmental and social characteristics promoted, the Fund will seek to completely exclude investment in companies that are directly involved in, and/or derive significant revenue from, industries or product lines that include:

- Adult Entertainment (Production, Revenue >5%)
- Coal Production / Distribution (Revenue >5%)
- Gambling (Operations, Revenue >25%)
- Tobacco (Production, Revenue >5%)
- Banned Weapons (Revenue >0%)
- Weapons Production / Distribution (Revenue >10%)

In addition to the above-mentioned industries, the Fund will seek to exclude:

- Companies that have direct involvement in the production and/or distribution of controversial weapons, namely antipersonnel landmines, cluster munitions, biological and chemical weapons.
- Companies with known serious violations of internationally recognised norms and standards such as, but not limited to, the UN Global Compact, that the Sub-Investment Manager believes do not show a positive outlook and where it's believed that appropriate remedial action has not been taken.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

To qualify as an investable stock in the Fund, the Sub-Investment Manager will subject any potential company to various quantitative and qualitative analyses, including, but not limited to:

- creating detailed financial statement models on the company;
- bottom-up fundamental research;

- interacting with the target company's various management teams, competitors, suppliers, customers, consultants, trade journals and regulators (if applicable);
- reviewing sell-side research on the target company;
- analyzing the target company's financial reports, insider trading due diligence, share ownership;
- understanding the existing large shareholders and any large sellers of securities in the company;
- carryout due diligence on the target company's historical trades through various cycles; and

• monitoring insider transactions.

These considerations are then linked to the exclusion criteria as outlined in this Supplement to ensure that the E/S characteristics of this Fund are met.

- The initial investment universe has approximately 1,000 stocks. As a result of an elimination phase that includes the above screening criteria, the above mentioned restricted activities, as well as further ESG filters and strict governance criteria, roughly 700 companies are excluded.
- Through subsequent financial modelling, valuation, due diligence, and company specific ESG considerations, the Sub-Investment Manager will have a final portfolio that will normally consist of approximately 25-40 companies.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Sub-Investment Manager is a signatory to the UN Principles for Responsible Investment (the "<u>UNPRI</u>"). As a signatory to the UNPRI the good governance practices of investee companies are assessed prior to making an investment and periodically thereafter. The Sub-Investment Manager screens:

- the size and experience of the board;
- board diversity and composition;
- number of independent directors;
- executive compensation; and
- accounting and financial disclosure practices.

The Sub-Investment Manager favours management teams exhibiting comprehensive, balanced, and thoughtful approaches to overall business risk management, including ESG matters.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities and common stocks of companies located in the U.S. which are listed or traded on Recognised Markets. The Fund may also hold cash or cash equivalents, and the Fund may use derivative instruments for the purposes of efficient portfolio management and hedging under the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank.

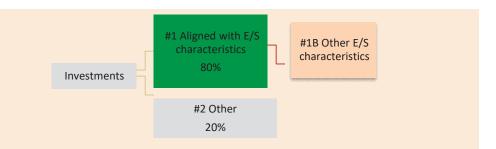
All Fund investments go through the same screening and investment process and are made with environmental and social considerations, which may vary from industry to industry and from company to company. Therefore under normal circumstances, in order to meet the environmental or social characteristics promoted, the Fund is generally expected to invest at least 80% of its equity exposure in companies aligned with the E/S characteristics of the Fund but that may not be classified as sustainable investments as defined under the SFDR. The remainder could be held in companies that may not match the Fund's ESG criteria in its entirety or in cash or cash equivalents, nevertheless, all investments excluding cash and equivalents go through the same screening process and are made with

Good governance practices include

sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

ESG considerations. The strategy therefore follows a significant ESG integration approach as all equity investments are screened with ESG considerations. The Fund is mostly exposed to the following sectors; financials, IT, healthcare, energy, industrials, utilities, materials, consumer discretionary and consumer staples.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.



How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Derivative instruments are not used for investment purposes. However, the Fund may employ techniques and instruments for the purposes of efficient portfolio management and hedging under the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank.



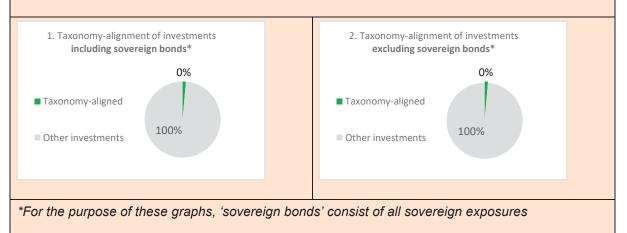
To what minimum extent *are* sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional

activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not *aligned* with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The purpose of any investments made by the Fund that may be classified as "#2 other" within the SFDR is mainly for efficient portfolio management, liquidity management or hedging purposes. There could also be investments in companies that may not match the Fund's ESG criteria in its entirety but have the adequate minimum safeguards, achieved through exclusions at the outset and strict investment screening criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No.

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

- How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? N/A
- Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more *product* specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

https://www.heptagon-capital.com/easterly-us-value-equity-fund/